

**GS-745**

II Semester B.VOC. (Information Technology) Examination,
May/June 2019

B.VOC. IT**201 : DISCRETE MATHEMATICAL STRUCTURES**

(CBCS) (F+R) (2016-17 & Onwards)

Max. Marks : 70

Time : 3 Hours

Instruction : Answer **all** the Sections.

SECTION - A

10x2=20

Answer **any ten** questions :

1. Define sets with an example.
2. Define venn diagram.
3. Define Tautology.
4. Write the following in tabular for :
(i) $A = \{ x : x \text{ is multiple of } 7, x \in \mathbb{N} \}$
(ii) $B = \{ y : y \text{ is a divisor of } 28 \}$
5. If $A = \{ 2, 3 \}$ and $B = \{ 4, 5 \}$ find (i) $A \times B$ (ii) $B \times A$
6. Define function with an example.
7. What is homomorphisms.
8. Define cyclic group.
9. If $f : \mathbb{R} \rightarrow \mathbb{R}$ and $g : \mathbb{R} \rightarrow \mathbb{R}$ defined by $f(x) = x$ and $g(x) = 5x + 8$ find fog and gof.
10. Explain characteristic functions.
11. If $A = \{ 2, 3, 4, 5 \}$ and $B = \{ 4, 5, 9, 25 \}$ and $R : A \rightarrow B$ defined by aRb , if $b = a^2$. Find the domain and Range.
12. Write any two aspects of coding theory.

P.T.O.



SECTION - B

Answer **any five** questions :**5x10=50**

13. (i) State and prove Addition theorem.
(ii) If A and B are two sets such that $n(A)=25$, $n(B)=37$ and $n(A \cup B)=50$ find $n(A \cap B)$.
14. Prove that (i) $(p \rightarrow q) \leftrightarrow (\sim q \rightarrow \sim p)$ is tautology.
(ii) $p \wedge (q \vee r) \equiv (p \wedge q) \vee (p \wedge r)$.
15. (i) Explain basic connectives and truth values.
(ii) Write any five rules of Inference.
16. Explain the principle of mathematical induction. Using mathematical induction P.T. sum of the first 'n' (+)ive odd integers is n^2 .
(i.e) $1+3+5+\dots+(2n-1)=n^2$
17. (i) Prove that $G=\{2, 4, 6, 8\}$ forms an abelian group under multiplication modulo 10
(ii) Write the properties of a relations with an example.
18. Explain the various types of functions with an examples.
19. (i) Show that the function $f: R \rightarrow R$ defined by $f(x)=6x+7$ is invertible. Find the inverse of f .
(ii) Explain the steps of Hasse diagram.
20. (i) Explain the hamming metric.
(ii) Find the number of 4-digit number that can be formed using the digits 4, 5, 6, 7, 8 if no digit is repeated. How many of these will be even.

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